State of Arizona Senate Forty-fifth Legislature Second Regular Session 2002

CHAPTER 310

SENATE BILL 1028

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 12-1551, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 1999, CHAPTER 106, SECTION 1; AMENDING SECTIONS 25-327, 25-502 AND 25-503, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO FAMILY SUPPORT DUTIES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 12-1551, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 1999, chapter 106, section 1, is amended to read:

12-1551. <u>Issuance of writ of execution; limitation; renewal;</u>
death of judgment debtor; exemption for child support

- A. The party in whose favor a judgment is given, at any time within five years after entry of the judgment and within five years after any renewal of the judgment either by affidavit or by an action brought on it, may have a writ of execution or other process issued for its enforcement.
- B. An execution or other process shall not be issued upon a judgment after the expiration of five years from the date of its entry unless the judgment is renewed by affidavit or process pursuant to section 12-1612 or an action is brought on it within five years from the date of the entry of the judgment or of its renewal.
- C. The court shall not issue a writ of execution after THE death of the judgment debtor unless it is for the recovery of real or personal property or enforcement of a lien.
- D. These limitations do not apply to criminal restitution orders entered pursuant to section 13-805 or to judgments and orders for the support of a minor or for those children whose support is extended beyond the age of emancipation pursuant to section 25-501, subsection A or section 25-320, subsection B. It is not necessary to renew criminal restitution orders entered pursuant to section 13-805 or to renew judgments and orders during the minority of the children or during the period of their disability. These actions are limited only as prescribed by section 25-503, subsection $\frac{1}{2}$ I.

Sec. 2. Section 25-327, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 25-327. Modification and termination of provisions for maintenance, support and property disposition

Except as otherwise provided in section 25-317, subsections F and G, the provisions of any decree respecting maintenance or support may be modified only as to installments accruing after notice of the motion for modification to the opposing party and OR TERMINATED only on a showing of changed circumstances that are substantial and continuing EXCEPT AS TO ANY AMOUNT THAT MAY HAVE ACCRUED AS AN ARREARAGE BEFORE THE DATE OF NOTICE OF THE MOTION OR ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE TO MODIFY OR TERMINATE. THE ADDITION OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25-531 OR A CHANGE IN THE AVAILABILITY OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE MAY CONSTITUTE A CONTINUING AND SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE IN CIRCUMSTANCE. The provisions as to property dispositions may not be revoked or modified, unless the court finds the existence of conditions that justify the reopening of a judgment under the laws of this state. Modifications AND TERMINATIONS are effective on the first day of the month following the filing NOTICE of the petition for modification OR TERMINATION unless the court, for good cause shown, orders



the change to become effective at a later DIFFERENT date BUT NOT EARLIER THAN THE DATE OF FILING THE PETITION FOR MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION.

- B. Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree, the obligation to pay future maintenance is terminated on the death of either party or the remarriage of the party receiving maintenance.
- C. Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree, provisions for the support of a minor child are not terminated by the death of a parent obligated to support the child. If a parent obligated to pay support dies, the amount of future support may be modified, revoked or commuted to a lump sum payment to the extent just and appropriate in the circumstances and has priority equal to the right for family allowance in section 14-2404. Past due support has priority equal to claims provided for in section 14-3805, subsection A, paragraph 6.
- D. Notwithstanding any other law, pursuant to a petition filed pursuant to this section the court may suspend the imposition of future interest that accrues on a judgment for support issued pursuant to this article for the period of time that the petitioner is incarcerated or physically or mentally disabled to the extent that the person is unable to maintain employment.
 - Sec. 3. Section 25-502, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 25-502. <u>Jurisdiction</u>, <u>venue</u> and <u>procedure</u>; <u>additional</u> <u>enforcement provisions</u>
- A. The superior court has original jurisdiction in proceedings brought by the department, its agents, a person having physical custody of a child or a party to the case to establish, enforce or modify the duties of support as prescribed in this chapter. All such proceedings are civil actions except as provided in section 25-511. Proceedings to enforce the duties of support as prescribed in this chapter may be originated in the county of residence of the respondent or the petitioner or of the child or children who are the subject of the action.
- B. A proceeding to establish support must originate in the county where the child resides or, if the child resides out of state, the county of this state where the party filing the petition to establish support resides, if either of the following apply APPLIES:
 - 1. An action does not exist under this title.
- 2. Paternity was established without a court order pursuant to section 36-322.
- c. A person or the department or its agent must file a petition to establish or modify a child support order in the superior court in the county of the last order issued under this title if an order exists in this state. If a person wishes the case transferred to the county of this state where the child resides or, if the child resides out of state, the county of this state where the party requesting the transfer resides, the person must file a request for transfer with the clerk of the superior court that issued the last order.

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- D. A request for transfer pursuant to subsection C of this section must include a petition or motion regarding support, a statement of payments in default, if applicable, and the transmittal fee prescribed in section 12-284. The responding party may object to the transfer by filing an objection and affidavit within twenty days after service of the request to transfer.
- E. If the clerk does not receive an objection and affidavit pursuant to subsection D of this section, the clerk shall transfer the proceeding and all related court files to the other county within thirty days after service of the request to transfer. If the clerk receives an objection and affidavit within the time prescribed in subsection D of this section, the clerk shall notify all parties of the date of the hearing at least ten days before the hearing date. The court may hear evidence relevant only to the issue of the transfer. If the court orders the transfer, the clerk shall transfer the proceeding and court files within ten days after the order.
- F. The county to which a transfer is made pursuant to subsection D or E of this section shall proceed as if the proceeding were brought in that county originally. A judgment from that county has the same effect and may be enforced or modified as a judgment from the original county.
- G. The party who petitioned for transfer must pay the postadjudication fee prescribed in section 12-284 to the county to which the proceeding was transferred within twenty TEN days after the transfer order DATE THE CLERK OF THE COURT MAILS THE NOTICE OF THE REQUIREMENT TO PAY THE POSTADJUDICATION FEE. If the party does not pay the fee by that date, the transfer order is automatically nullified and the court clerk shall return the proceeding and all related court files to the original county.
- H. Except as provided in section 25-510, in title IV-D cases the superior court shall accept for filing any documents that are received through electronic transmission if the electronically reproduced document states that the copy used for the electronic transmission was certified before it was electronically transmitted.
- I. On filing of the petition and, if applicable, after a transfer is completed, the court shall issue an order requiring the responding party to appear at the time and place set for the hearing on the petition. The petition shall include each person's and child's social security number if known. Service of the order and a copy of the petition shall be as provided in the Arizona rules of civil procedure. If the responding party receives notice of a hearing but fails to appear, the court may issue a child support arrest warrant as provided in article 5 of this chapter and shall require that the responding party pay at the time of arrest an amount set by the court to secure the responding party's release from custody pending an appearance at the next scheduled hearing. The court also may find the party to be in contempt of court pursuant to section 12-864.01 and set an amount to be paid to purce the contempt. Any purge amount set by the court shall supersede the amount required to be set to secure the responding party's

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release, and the responding party shall pay only the purge amount as a condition of release from custody. Any amounts paid under this section shall be deposited with the clerk of the court or the support payment clearinghouse and credited first to the responding party's current child support obligation and then to arrearages. The court may grant a default judgment for arrearages on a prima facie showing of the amount due.

- J. The department or its agent or a parent, guardian or custodian may file with the clerk of the superior court a request to establish child support. The request must include a proposed order, the worksheet for child support and a notice of the right to request a hearing within twenty days after service in this state or within thirty days after service outside this state. The request must also include the social security number of the child and each party to the proceeding. The request, proposed order, worksheet and notice shall be served pursuant to the Arizona rules of civil procedure on all parties, and in a title IV-D case, on the department or its agent. a title IV-D case, the department or its agent may serve all parties by certified mail, return receipt requested. If a party does not request a hearing within the time prescribed by this subsection, the court shall review the proposed order and worksheet and enter an appropriate order or set the matter for a hearing. In a title IV-D case, the department or its agent shall enforce the order.
- K. Each licensing board or agency that issues professional, recreational or occupational licenses or certificates shall record on the application the social security number of the applicant and shall enter this information in its database in order to aid the department of economic security in locating parents or their assets or to enforce child support orders. This subsection does not apply to a license issued pursuant to title 17 that is not issued by an automated drawing system. If a licensing board or agency allows an applicant to use a number other than the social security number on the face of the license or certificate while the licensing board or agency keeps the social security number on file, the licensing board or agency shall advise an applicant of this fact.
 - Sec. 4. Section 25-503, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 25-503. Order for support; methods of payment; modification; termination; statute of limitations; judgment on arrearages; notice; security

A. In any proceeding in which there is at issue the support of a child, the court may order either or both parents to pay any amount necessary for the support of the child. If a personal check for support payments and handling fees is rightfully dishonored by the payor bank or other drawee, any subsequent support payments and handling fees shall be paid only by cash, money order, cashier's check, traveler's check or certified check. The department may collect from the drawer of a dishonored check or draft an amount allowed pursuant to section 44-6852. Pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, the department shall deposit monies collected pursuant to this

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 subsection in a child support enforcement administration fund. If a party required to pay support other than by personal check demonstrates full and timely payment for twenty-four consecutive months, that party may pay support by personal check if these payments are for the full amount, are timely tendered and are not rightfully dishonored by the payor bank or other drawee. On a showing of good cause, the court may order that the party or parties required to pay support give reasonable security for these payments. If the court sets an appearance bond and the obligor fails to appear, the bond is forfeited and credited against any support owed by the party required to pay support. This subsection does not apply to payments that are made by means of a wage assignment.

- B. On a showing that an income withholding order has been ineffective to secure the timely payment of support and that an amount equal to six months of current support has accrued, the court shall require the obligor to give security, post bond or give some other guarantee to secure overdue support.
- C. In title IV-D cases, and in all other cases subject to an income withholding order issued on or after January 1, 1994, after notice to the party entitled to receive support, the department or its agent may direct the party obligated to pay support or other payor to make payment to the support payment clearinghouse. The department or its agent shall provide notice by first class mail.
- D. The obligation for current child support shall be fully met before any payments under an order of assignment may be applied to the payment of arrearages. If a party is obligated to pay support for more than one family and the amount available is not sufficient to meet the total combined current support obligation, any monies shall be allocated to each family as follows:
- 1. The amount of current support ordered in each case shall be added to obtain the total support obligation.
- 2. The ordered amount in each case shall be divided by the total support obligation to obtain a percentage of the total amount due.
- 3. The amount available from the obligor's income shall be multiplied by the percentage under paragraph 2 of this subsection to obtain the amount to be allocated to each family.
- E. If a payment is not received within ten days after the date in the court order for payment of support that is to be paid directly to the party entitled to receive support, the support order may be enforced by all civil remedies provided by law.
- TERMINATED on a showing of changed circumstance that is substantial and continuing, except as to any amount that may have accrued as an arrearage before the date of the filing of the notice of the motion or order to show cause to medify or revoke TERMINATE. The addition of health insurance coverage as defined in section 25-531 or a change in the availability of health insurance coverage may constitute a continuing and substantial change

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in circumstance. The order of modification or revocation may be made retroactive to the date of the filing of the notice of motion or order to show cause to modify or to revoke or to any date after the filing. MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION ARE EFFECTIVE ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE MONTH FOLLOWING NOTICE OF THE PETITION FOR MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION UNLESS THE COURT, FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, ORDERS THE CHANGE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE AT A DIFFERENT DATE BUT NOT EARLIER THAN THE DATE OF FILING THE PETITION FOR MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION. The order of modification or revocation TERMINATION may include an award of attorney fees and court costs to the prevailing party.

- IV-D case a party, or the department or its agent if there is an assignment of rights under section 46-407, may request every three years that an order for child support be reviewed and, if appropriate, adjusted. The request may be made without a specific showing of a changed circumstance that is substantial and continuing. The department or its agent shall conduct the review in accordance with the child support guidelines of this state. If appropriate, the department shall file a petition in the superior court to adjust the support amount. Every three years the department or its agent shall notify the parties of their right to request a review of the order for support. The department or its agent shall notify the parties by first class mail at their last known address or by including the notice in an order.
- ${\it H.}$ G. If a party in a title IV-D case requests a review and adjustment sooner than three years, the party shall demonstrate a changed circumstance that is substantial and continuing.
- I. H. The right of a party entitled to receive support or the department to receive child support payments as provided in the court order vests as each installment falls due. Each vested child support installment is enforceable as a final judgment by operation of law. Unless it is reduced to a written money judgment, an unpaid child support judgment that became a judgment by operation of law expires three years after the emancipation of the last remaining unemancipated child who was included in the court order. Beginning on January 1, 2000, child support orders, including modified orders, must notify the parties of this expiration date. The filing of a request for a written money judgment before the end of that period preserves the right to judgment until the court grants a judgment or the court denies the request. A request does not need to be filed within three years if:
- 1. The court later determines that the actions or conduct of an obligor impeded the establishment of a written money judgment, including avoiding service or notice of that action, changing a name or social security number or leaving the state where the last support order was entered without notifying the party to whom support is ordered to be paid or the court or the department of that party's residential and mailing addresses.

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- 2. The court later finds that the obligor threatened, defrauded or wrongfully coerced the obligee into not filing a request to reduce any support arrearages to a written money judgment.
- J. I. The department or its agent or a party entitled to receive support may file a request for judgment for support arrearages not later than three years after the emancipation of all of the children who were the subject of the court order. In such a proceeding there is no bar to establishing a money judgment for all of the unpaid child support arrearages for all of the children who were the subject of the court order. Notwithstanding any other law, formal written judgments for support and for associated costs and attorney fees are exempt from renewal and are enforceable until paid in full. If emancipation is disputed, this subsection shall be liberally construed to effect its intention of diminishing the limitation on the collection of child support arrearages.
- K. J. If the department or its agent or a party entitled to receive child support or spousal maintenance if the spousal maintenance is combined with a child support order OR THE DEPARTMENT OR ITS AGENT ENFORCING AN ORDER OF SUPPORT has not received court ordered payments, the PARTY ENTITLED TO RECEIVE SUPPORT OR SPOUSAL MAINTENANCE OR THE department or its agent or a party may file with the clerk of the superior court a request for judgment of arrearages and an affidavit indicating the name of the party obligated to pay support and the amount of the arrearages. The request must include notice of the requirements of this section and the right to request a hearing within twenty days after service in this state or within thirty days after service The request, affidavit and notice must be served outside this state. pursuant to the Arizona rules of civil procedure on all parties including the department or its agents in title IV-D cases. In a title IV-D case, the department or its agent may serve all parties by certified mail, return receipt requested. Within twenty days after service in this state or within thirty days after service outside this state, a party may file a request for a hearing if the arrearage amount or the identity of the person is in dispute. If a hearing is not requested within the time provided, or if the court finds that the objection is unfounded, the court must review the affidavit and grant an appropriate judgment against the party obligated to pay support.
- t. K. If the clerk or support payment clearinghouse is unable to deliver payments for a period of three months due to the failure of a party to whom the support has been ordered to be paid to notify the clerk or support payment clearinghouse of a change in address, the clerk or support payment clearinghouse shall return the payments to the obligor.
- L. IE THE OBLIGEE OF A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER MARRIES THE OBLIGOR OF THE CHILD SUPPORT ORDER, THAT ORDER AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATES ON THE LAST DAY OF THE MONTH IN WHICH THE MARRIAGE TAKES PLACE AND ARREARAGES DO NOT ACCRUE AFTER THAT DATE. HOWEVER, THE OBLIGEE OR THE STATE MAY COLLECT CHILD SUPPORT ARREARAGES THAT ACCRUED BEFORE THAT DATE. THE OBLIGEE, THE OBLIGOR OR THE

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11 12 DEPARTMENT OR ITS AGENT IN A TITLE IV-D CASE MAY FILE A REQUEST OR STIPULATION TO TERMINATE OR ADJUST ANY EXISTING ORDER OF ASSIGNMENT, PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-504 OR SECTION 25-505.01.

- M. For the purposes of subsections F H and F I of this section, a child is emancipated:
 - 1. On the date of the child's marriage.
 - 2. On the child's eighteenth birthday.
 - 3. When the child is adopted.
 - 4. When the child dies.
- 5. On the termination of the support obligation if support is extended beyond the age of majority pursuant to section 25-501, subsection A or section 25-320, subsections B and C.

APPROVED BY THE COVERNOR MAY 28, 2002.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY 29, 2002.



Passed the House April 15, 2	0 <i>02</i> , ,	Passed the Senate <u>February</u> 4, 20 02,
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